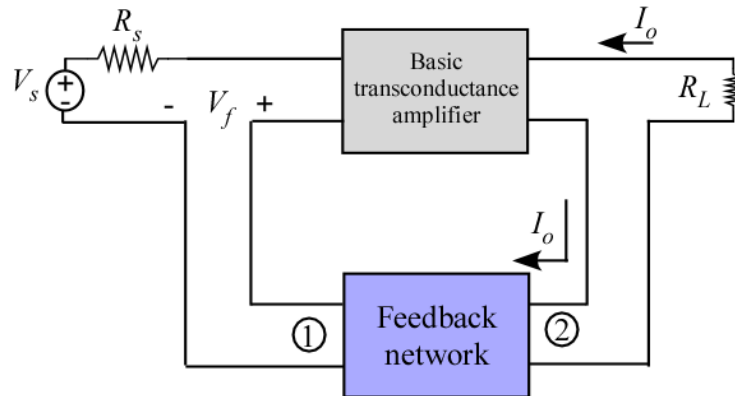
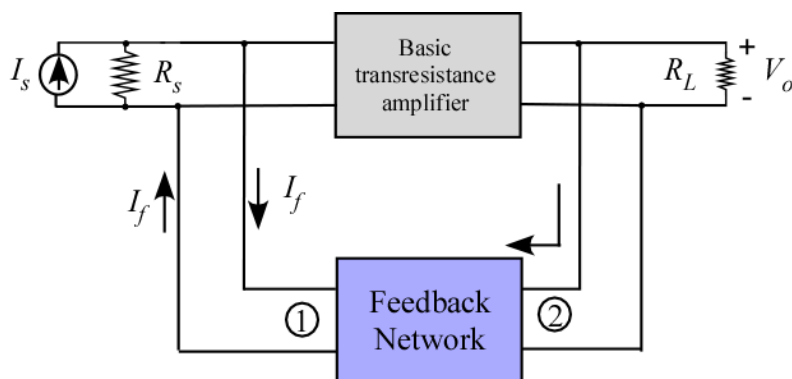


1. A series-series feedback circuit representable by the figure below and using an ideal transconductance amplifier operates with $V_s = 100$ mV, $V_f = 95$ mV and $I_o = 10$ mA. What are the corresponding values of A and β ? Include the correct units for each.



2. A shunt-shunt feedback circuit representable by the figure below and using an ideal transresistance amplifier operates with $I_s = 100$ μ A, $I_f = 95$ μ A, and $V_o = 10$ V. What are the corresponding values of A and β ? Include the correct units for each.



3. Negative feedback is to be used to modify the characteristics of a particular amplifier for various purposes. Identify the feedback topology to be used if:

- (a) Input resistance is to be lowered and output resistance raised .
- (b) Both input and output resistances are to be raised.
- (c) Both input and output resistances are to be lowered.

4. If the feedback factor $\beta = 0.5$ and the phase margin is equal to 30 degrees, determine the magnitude and phase of the closed loop gain $A_f(\omega)$ at frequency ω_1 where the magnitude of the loop gain is unity, i.e, $|\beta A(\omega_1)| = 1$.

5. If the feedback factor $\beta = 0.5$ and the gain margin is equal to 20 dB, determine the magnitude and phase of the closed loop gain $A_f(\omega)$ at the frequency ω_{180} where the phase of the loop gain is -180 degrees.